National Curriculum Reference Subject: Design Technology



Key Stage Three:

Year 7:

Wooden Planter Plaque (WPP) responsibility of designer on the wider community, design strategies and communication, and making skills.

Flat-packed Phone Stand (FPS) past and present professionals, design strategies and communication, and making skills.

Light Box Project (LBP) Electronics and Materials, User needs and Design Context

Year 8:

Phone Chair project (PCP) past and present professionals, design strategies and communication, and making skills.

Bauhaus Stationary Tray (BST) past and present professionals, responsibility of designer on the wider community, and making skills.

Sea Life Frame (SLF) Resonsibilities of Designers on the Wider Community, Design Strategies and Communicating Ideas.

Year 9:

Memphis Passive Amplifier (MPA) user needs, design strategies and communication, and making skills.

Mechanical Toy Project (MTP) Design Strategies and Communicating ideas, Mechanisms.

Pupils should be taught to	At St Gregory's Catholic High School, this is taught
Use research and exploration, such as the study of different cultures, to identify and understand user needs	WPP, FPS, PCP, BST & MPA: Research into environmental issues such as global
	warming and climate change.
	LBP: Research and explore the characteristics and working properties of
	materials.
	SLF: Research into the natural world. Appealing to specific target markets &
	clients.
	MTP: Movement and mechanisms and how they are applied in existing
	mechanical products. Appealing to specific target markets & clients.
Identify and solve their own design problems and understand how to reformulate problems given to them	WPP: Producing solutions for promoting environmental awareness.
	FPS & PCP: Alternative solutions to using glue for joints.
	BST: Transferring measurement to an inaccessible section.
	LBP: Working to a design based on materials exploration.
	SLF: Working to a design brief for a given scenario.
	MTP: Working to a design brief for a given scenario, detailed exploration.
	through task analysis and formulation of a specification.
Develop specifications to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing products that respond to needs in a variety of situations	MPA & MTP: formulating a criteria-based design specification.
Use a variety of approaches [for example, biomimicry and user-centred design], to generate creative ideas and avoid stereotypical responses	WPP, FPS, PCP, BST, MPA: Using theme-based research and existing products to
	assist with creative and original design ideas.
	LBP: Generating and developing ideas based on materials exploration.
	SLF: Generating and developing theme-based ideas.
	MTP: Generating and developing ideas based on movements and mechanisms.
Develop and communicate design ideas using annotated sketches, detailed plans, 3-D and mathematical modelling, oral and digital presentations and computer-based tools	WPP: Typography and graphics skills are taught here.
	FPS: Graphics and colouring in skills are taught here.
	PCP: Oblique and Isometric projection.
	BST: Typography, Isometric and one-point perspective drawing.
	MPA: One and two-point perspective drawing and tonal shading.
	LBP: Sketching and rendering methods
	SLF: Using computer-based tools (CAM – laser cutter)
	MTP: Card output mechanisms. Sketching and rendering methods
Select from and use specialist tools, techniques, processes, equipment and	WPP: Timber surface preparation with hand tools and disc sander.
machinery precisely, including computer-aided manufacture	FPS: CAD/CAM
	PCP: CAD/CAM and Timber surface preparation with hand tools and disc sander.
	BST: Laminating, CAD/CAM, templating.
	MPA: Laminating, machinery, templating, boring.

	LBP: Plastic, timber and metal skills with hand tools and machines. housing pre-
	built circuits safely
	SLF: CAD/CAM with 2D Design and laser cutter
Calcat france and transport in the manual control of materials according to	MTP: Shaping MDF & reclaimed timber
Select from and use a wider, more complex range of materials, components and ingredients, taking into account their properties	WPP & PCP: Upcycled pallet wood.
	FPS, PCP, BST & MPA: Upcycled corrugated cardboard.
	LBP: Opportunities to explore different materials and components
Analyse the work of past and present professionals and others to develop and broaden their understanding	FPS: Iconic graphics.
	PCP: Pop-art
	BST: Bauhaus design movement.
	MPA: Memphis design movement.
	LBP: Pre-assembled circuits
	SLF: Art Deco & Art Neuveux imagery
	MTP: Researching existing mechanical toys
Investigate new and emerging technologies	FPS, PCP, BST, SLF & MTP: CAD/CAM engraving, cutting and nesting and laser
	cut parts.
Test, evaluate and refine their ideas and products against a specification, taking	WPP, FPS, PCP, BST, MPA: Specification used throughout the projects to refine
into account the views of intended users and other interested groups	the development.
	LBP, SLF & MTP: testing, evaluation and modification
Understand developments in design and technology, its impact on individuals, society and the environment, and the responsibilities of designers, engineers and technologists	WPP, FPS, PCP, BST, MPA: Environmental awareness on local and wider
	community and globally.
	LBP: Plastic, Timber and metal source materials and sustainability discussion.
	soldering and ventilation, safety procedures
	SLF: Plastics and sustainability discussion; thermoplastics recycling and
	sustainability
	MTP: Card and paper structures and using existing mechanisms, minimising
	waste and re-using materials
Understand and use the properties of materials and the performance of structural	WPP, FPS, PCP, BST & MPA: Corrugation and triangulation.
elements to achieve functioning solutions	LBP: Plastic, timber and metals. Soldering, conductivity and temperatures
	SLF: Thermoplastics, properties of thermoplastics
	MTP: Card and paper structures and working mechanisms. Movement, forces,
	cams and followers
Understand how more advanced mechanical systems used in their products enable changes in movement and force	LBP: Inputs & outputs, transistors & switches
	MTP: Cams, followers and linkages
Understand how more advanced electrical and electronic systems can be powered	LBP: Inputs and transistors, outputs and switches
and used in their products [for example, circuits with heat, light, sound and	MTP: outputs & movements: discuss how mechanisms can be electrically
movement as inputs and outputs]	powered with motors
Apply computing and use electronics to embed intelligence in products that	

respond to inputs [for example, sensors], and control outputs [for example, actuators], using programmable components [for example, microcontrollers]

MTP: Exploration of alternative outputs and movements